## CHAPTER 8 LIVESTOCK BOARD IMPORT RULES

#### **Section 1.** Authority to create import rules.

(a) Pursuant to the authority vested in the Wyoming Livestock Board by virtue of Wyoming- Statute- \$11-18-103(a)(v) and \$11-32-102, the following rules are hereby promulgated.

## Section 2. Purpose of import rules.

(a) The purpose of these rules is to protect the health of Wyoming's animals, livestock industry, and the general public by establishing procedures for the import of Animals and Biologic Agents into the State of Wyoming.

#### Section 3. Severability

(a) If any portion of these rules is found to be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of the rules shall continue in effect.

#### Section 3. Section 4. Definitions used in rules.

- (a) For the purposes of implementing these rules, the following definitions exist:
- (i) "Accredited Veterinarian" means an individual veterinarian who is licensed to practice veterinary medicine and is accredited by the USDA/APHIS/VS in the state where he or she practices or is otherwise employed.
- (ii) "Adjacent State BorderContiguous Property Movement Permit" means a permit issued by the Wyoming Livestock Board, for movement of Animals across the state line waiving certain Animal health import requirements, upon the applicant satisfactorily demonstrating that he or she owns land or has leased land for at least two (2) or more consecutive years that is contiguous with land he or she owns or has leased for two (2) or more consecutive years in an adjacent state.
- (iii) "Animal" means any living vertebrate that is not a human being, excluding those animals covered in W.S. 23-3-301(a).
- (iv) "Approved Feedlot" means a feedlot permitted by the Board which feeds certain Animals based upon the operator's compliance with the provisions of the permit to include compliance with all Wyoming Livestock Board Rules. The Board shall maintain a current list of Approved Feedlots. The list of Approved Feedlots can be obtained from the offices of the Board.
- (v)(iv) "Approved Livestock Market" means a <u>livestock market</u> that is licensed by the Board and <u>has in place a signed Livestock Facility Agreement with the USDA/APHIS/VS.</u>
  - (vi) "Aviary and Cage Birds" means captive reared birds that are adapted to

#### live and breed in an aviary or cage.

(vii)(v) "Biologic Agent" means any biologic product used for agricultural or veterinary purposes—and includes including semen, and—embryos, and vaccines. This does not include serum, blood, body fluids, tissues, animal carcasses or reagents specimens imported to a laboratory for diagnostic purposes.

#### (viii) "Bison" means a domestic ruminant mammal of the genus Bison.

(ix)(vi) "Black-faced Sheep" means any purebred Suffolk, Hampshire, Shropshire, or cross thereof; any non-purebred Sheep (haired or wooled) known to have Suffolk, Hampshire, or Shropshire ancestors; and any nonpurebred wooled Sheep of unknown ancestry with a black face except for haired Sheep. Haired Sheep known to have Suffolk, Hampshire, or Shropshire ancestors are considered Black-faced Sheep.

(x)(vii) "Board" means the Wyoming Livestock Board, state agency 051, whose address is 1934 Wyott Drive, Cheyenne, WY 82002-0051, (307) 777-7515, and whose website is http://wlsb.state.wy.us.

(xi)(viii) "Brucellosis" means any of the species specific disease conditions caused by bacteria in the genus *Brucella*, including *Brucella abortus*, *Brucella canis*, *Brucella mellitensis*, *Brucella ovis*, or *Brucella suis*.

(xii)(ix) "Brucellosis Designated Surveillance Area" means the geographican area designated defined by the Wyoming Livestock Board in its Chapter 2 Rules and/or as amended by a Board order where bovine that identifies the boundaries within which risk of exposure to Brucellosis-infected is endemic in wildlife has been established.

 $\frac{(xiii)(x)}{(x)}$  "Camel Family Species" means a ruminant mammal that includes alpacas, camels, guanacos, llamas and vicunas.

(xiv) "Cat" means a domestic carnivorous mammal of the genus Felis.

(xv)(xi) "Cattle" means any ruminant mammal of the genus *Bos*, including crossbred Cattle/Hybrid Animals and Yaks.

(xvi) "Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection" means an official form documenting the health status of an Animal(s).

(xvii) "Certified Brucellosis Free Herd" means a herd of Bison or Cattle that has been issued a Certified Brucellosis Free Herd certificate signed by the state of origin's Animal health official and by the USDA/APHIS/AVIC.

(xviii) "Certified Scrapie Free Flock" means a flock of Sheep or Goats that have been certified by the state of origin Animal health agency and USDA/APHIS/VS to be free of Scrapie.

(xii) "Commercial Swine" means swine raised indoors in an integrated

production and marketing system.

(xiii) "Commuter Permit" means a written permit that allows for the movement of Bison, Cattle, Sheep, Goats, and Horses used for herd management purposes, between Wyoming and an adjacent state. This permit shall be approved by state Animal health officials in the state of origin and state of destination prior to movement.

(xiv) "Companion Animal" means any dog, cat or ferret.

(xix)(xv) "Dairy Cattle" means all Cattle of the dairy breeds, and all Cattle used for milk production and/or born in a dairy herd.

(xx)(xvi) "Designated Feedlot" means any feedlot that is designated by the Board to feed – with no provision for grazing – and properly identify and manage Restricted Livestock in a designated portion of the feedlot, preventing direct contact between restricted and non-restricted livestock.

(xx)(xvii) "Direct Movement" means movement in which the Animals are neither unloaded en route of Animals to their final destination nor commingled without unloading or commingling with another producer's Animals during the movement.

(xxi) "Dog" means a domestic omnivorous mammal of the genus Canis.

(xxii) "Equine Infectious Anemia" means an incurable viral disease of Horses causing anemia.

(xviii) "Extended Equine Certificate of Veterinary Inspection" means a document issued under the authority of the state veterinarian, in accordance with the guidelines outlined in a Memorandum of Agreement between Wyoming and other states, allowing equine to travel between such states without an ICVI. At a minimum, an examination by an Accredited Veterinarian, a negative Coggins test, Official Identification, and a real-time travel log will be required.

(xix) "Exhibition Purposes" means Animals, other than Rodeo Cattle, that are imported to Wyoming exclusively to attend a Wyoming exhibition without commingling with other livestock at any premises other than the exhibition, and leaving Wyoming without change of ownership within 14 days of entry to Wyoming.

(xxiii)(xx) "Farm or Ranch of Origin" means the farm or ranch where the Animal resided immediately prior to entering Wyoming.

(xxiv)(xxi) "Feral Animal" means a domestic Animal, that is not under the control of nor cared for by a person and which has returned to a wild or semi-wild state. A feral animal may or may not be owned by a person.

(xxv) "Ferret" means a domestic carnivorous mammal of the genus Mustela.

(xxvi)(xxii) "Flock" means all Goats and/or Sheep maintained together on a

single Premise or maintained together under common ownership on two or more Premises with interchange between the Premises. Goats or Sheep maintained temporarily on a Premise for activities such as shows and sales or while in marketing channels are not a Flock. More than one Flock may be maintained on a single Premises provided commingling as defined in the USDA APHIS Scrapie Uniform Method and Rules does not occur.

(xxvii) "Foot Rot" means a chronic, progressive disease caused by a mixed infection of bacteria causing lameness and severe tissue destruction.

(xxviii) "Goat" means a ruminant mammal of the genus Capra.

(xxix) "Hatching Egg" means a hard-shelled reproductive body produced by Poultry or Ratites.

(xxx) "Herd of Origin" means the herd into which the Animal was born.

(xxxi)(xxiii) "Horses" means any herbivorous mammal of the genus *Equus*, including donkeys, horses, mules, and zebras.

(xxxii)(xxiv) "Immediate Slaughter" means the <u>Direct Movement to and</u> slaughter of an Animal within three (3) working days at a Recognized Slaughter Establishment. The Animals cannot be offloaded at any point other than the Recognized Slaughter Establishment.

(xxxiii)(xxv) "Import Permit" means a number correlated with the ICVI and issued by the Board within ten (10) days prior to any Animal requiring such a permit being imported. Information on obtaining permits can be found at the WLSB web page: <a href="http://wlsb.state.wy.us">http://wlsb.state.wy.us</a> or Import numbers shall be obtained by calling (307) 777-7515, (307) 777-7517 or (307) 777-3660. The State Veterinarian may authorize an Import Permit prefix to out of state livestock markets for the creation of their own Import Permits.

(xxvi) "Interstate Certificate of Veterinary Inspection (ICVI)" means a uniquely numbered official document for the purpose of recording and reporting an Animal's origin, destination, health status and official identification(s).

(xxxiv) "Interstate Equine Health Movement Permit" means a written agreement between the Wyoming State Veterinarian and an Equine owner that allows for the movement of Equine between Wyoming and an adjacent state. The agreement allows Wyoming origin Equine to return to Wyoming without a current Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection after having spent fifteen (15) days or less in the adjacent state.

(xxxv) "Interstate Livestock Health Movement Permit" means a written permit that allows for the movement of Bison, Cattle, Sheep, Goats, and Horses used for herd management purposes, between Wyoming and an adjacent state. This permit shall be approved by state Animal health officials in the state of origin and state of destination prior to movement.

(xxxvi) "Johnes Disease" means a chronic, debilitating disease of ruminants that is caused by the bacteria, *Mycobacterium paratuberculosis*.

(xxxvii) "Licensed Veterinarian" means an individual who is licensed to practice veterinary medicine in the state where he or she practices.

(xxvii) "Lifetime Brand Inspection" means a document created by a state recognized recording authority and issued as a permanent or lifetime inspection to the owner of Horses in the state or area under its authority.

(xxxviii)(xxviii) "Mexican-Origin Cattle" means any Cattle whose Herd of Origin or Farm or Ranch of Origin is that have ever resided in Mexico.

(xxxix)(xxix) "National Poultry Improvement Plan Form VS 9-3" means a form used to document interstate sales and movement of Hatching Eggs, Poultry and flightless birds.

(xl)(xxx) "Official Adult Brucellosis Vaccinate for Brucellosis" means a female Bison or Cattle that is over twelve (12) months of age when vaccinated by permission of the Wyoming State Veterinarian and AVIC in conjunction with having a negative Brucellosis test within ten (10) days prior to vaccination. Verification of Official Adult Vaccination status requires evidence of the Adult Vaccination tattoo has been inoculated with RB51 vaccine by a state or federal veterinarian or an Accredited Veterinarian according to label directions and the USDA APHIS Brucellosis Uniform Methods and Rules. Verification of official vaccination status requires evidence of the vaccination shield or presence of an approved USDA/APHIS/VS vaccination tag or device.

(xli) "Official Calfhood Vaccinate for Brucellosis" means a female Bison or Cattle between four (4) months and twelve (12) months of age when vaccinated. Verification of official calfhood vaccination status requires evidence of the vaccination shield or presence of approved USDA/APHIS/VS calfhood vaccination tag or device.

(xlii)(xxxi) "Official Individual Identification" means any form of identification approved by USDA/APHIS/VS as per the Animal Disease Traceability Rule or by agreement between the Wyoming State Veterinarian and the state of origin's state Animal health official. Specific approved types of Official ID can be found on the Wyoming Livestock Board's website.

(xliii)(xxxii) "Port of Entry" means a facility operated and staffed by personnel from the Wyoming Highway Department where commercial Animal carriers must stop and provide necessary documentation regarding the health status of the Animals being imported.

(xliv)(xxxiii) "Poultry" means fowl Animals commonly referred to as chickens, ducks, geese, guineas, peacocks, pigeons and turkeys.

 $\frac{(xlv)(xxxiv)}{}$  "Premises" means an identifiable physical location that represents a unique and describable geographic location where Animals are kept.

(xlvi) "Pseudorabies" means a viral infection primarily of Swine, but occurring incidentally in most other species.

(xlvii)(xxxv) "Quarantine" means an official document, issued by the Wyoming

State Veterinarian or his or her authorized representative, that restricts the movement of specified Animals and prohibits their commingling, being commingled, slaughtered, turned loose, removed, or permitted to escape, and sets forth requirements regarding their testing or qualification for import and Quarantine release. The Animal owner or owner's agent is responsible for all liability and expenses associated with Quarantine requirements.

(xlviii) "Rabies" means an acute, rhabdoviral encephalomyelitis that can affect any mammal.

(xlix)(xxxvi) "Recognized Slaughter Establishment" means any slaughter establishment operating under the provisions of the Federal Meat Inspection Act, (21U.S.C. 601-695)-including all amendments as of August 2006as amended, or the Wyoming Food Safety Rule found at Chapter 1 Purpose, Variances, Definitions, Demonstration of Knowledge, and Health Status as promulgated and amended by the Wyoming Department of Agriculture as of December 2009. This does not include any later amendments past August 2006 and December 2009 respectively. These documents are available to the public at the office of the Board or online at <a href="http://www.fsis.usda.gov/regulations-&-policies/Federal-Meat-Inspection-Act/index.asp-or-http://wyagric.state.wy.us/divisions/chs/meat-a-poultry-program.">http://wyagric.state.wy.us/divisions/chs/meat-a-poultry-program</a>.

(<u>l)(xxxvii)</u> "Rodeo Cattle" means all Cattle previously used for, or currently used for recreational purposes, such as rodeo events, roping events, cattle cutting events, cattle penning events, gymkhanas, and steer wrestling events. This includes any Cattle that have commingled with Rodeo Cattle.

(li) "Scrapie" means a nonfebrile, transmissible, insidious, degenerative disease affecting the central nervous system of Sheep and Goats and causing a spongiform encephalopathy.

(lii)(xxxviii) "Scrapie Live Animal Test" means an ante-mortem test for Scrapie approved by USDA/APHIS and the Wyoming State Veterinarian.

(xxxix) "Secure Food Supply Plan" means a plan endorsed by USDA and the Center for Food Security and the Public Health designed to provide business continuity for a specific commodity in the face of a foreign animal disease outbreak.

## (liii) "Sheep" means a ruminant mammal of the genus Ovis.

(liv)(xl) "Shipping Number" means the Accredited Veterinarian's state veterinary licensesix-digit National Veterinary Accreditation number used outside Board business hours, if website permits are not available, in lieu of an Import Permit. When used, The Accredited Veterinarian issuing the Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection with a Shipping Number shall call the Board (at (307) 777-7515, (307) 777-7517 or (307) 777-3660) obtain an actual permit number from the Board on the next regular business day-and-convert the Shipping Number into an Import Permit.

(lv)(xli) "Show Lamb Fungus," also known as ring worm, means a contagious skin disease of Sheep caused by a species of fungi that invades the skin and creates lesions.

- (lvi) "Swine" means an omnivorous mammal of the genus Suis.
- (lvii) "Trichomoniasis" means a contagious venereal disease of Cattle, caused by a the protozoa, *Tritrichomonas foetus*.
- (lviii)(xlii) "Trichomoniasis Test Eligible Bull" means any non-virgin, sexually intact male Cattle or any-sexually intact male Cattle bull over twenty-four (24)eighteen (18) months of age.
- (lix)(xliii) "Tuberculosis" means a chronic, progressive disease caused by a bacteria, *Mycobacterium bovis* in Cattle and other species, including humans.
- (lx) "USDA/APHIS/AVIC" means the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Area Veterinarian in Charge who is the veterinary official assigned to supervise and perform Animal health work of USDA/APHIS/VS in the state concerned.
- (lxi)(xliv) "USDA/APHIS/VS" means the United States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Veterinary Services.
  - (xlv) "USDA/APHIS/VS/AD" means the USDA/APHIS/VS Assistant Director.
- (lxii)(xlvi) "VS Form 1-27" means an official restricted movement document form created and supplied by the USDA/APHIS/VS and issued by a state or federal representative or by an Accredited Veterinarian.
- (lxiii)(xlvii) "Wildlife" means all wild mammals, birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, crustaceans, and mollusks.
- (lxiv)(xlviii) "Wyoming Game and Fish Commission" means state agency 040, whose address is 5400 Bishop Boulevard, Cheyenne, WY 82006, (307) 777-4600.
- (lxv)(xlix) "Wyoming State Veterinarian" means an Wyoming Accredited and licensed Veterinarian employed by the Board who serves as the State Veterinarian for the State of Wyoming as outlined in W.S. 11-19-101.

### Section 4. Section 5. Penalty for a violation of rules.

(a) Penalties for a violation of these rules shall be pursuant to law.

### **Section 5. Section 6.** Adoption of Federal Regulations.

(a) The United States Code of Federal Regulations 9 CFR, Chapter I (Animal and Plant Health Inspections Service, Department of Agriculture), Sub-chapter B (Cooperative Control and Eradication of Livestock for Poultry Diseases) (including all its parts and subparts); Sub-chapter C (Interstate Transportation of Animals (Including Poultry) and Animal Products) (including all its parts and subparts); Sub-chapter E (Including Poultry) and Animal Products) (including all its parts and subparts); Sub-chapter E

(Viruses, Serums, Toxins, and Analogous Products; Organisms and Vectors) (including all its parts and subparts); Sub-chapter G (Poultry Improvement) (including all its parts and subparts) as issued and amended as of January 1, 20062014, shall be adopted by the Board insofar as these federal regulations are not inconsistent with the rules, regulations, and laws of the State of Wyoming. These rules do not include any later amendments of the Code of Federal Regulations past January 1, 20112014. Copies of the Code of Federal Regulations are available to the public at the office of the Board.

(a) The following Sub-chapters of Title 9, Chapter 1 (Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Department of Agriculture) of the United States Code of Federal Regulations are hereby incorporated by reference as a part of these rules, so long as the procedures are not inconsistent with the rules, regulations and laws of the State of Wyoming: Sub-chapter B (Cooperative Control and Eradication of Livestock or Poultry Diseases) (including all its parts and subparts); Sub-chapter C (Interstate Transportation of Animals (Including Poultry) and Animal Products) (including all its parts and subparts); Sub-chapter D (Exportation and Importation of Animals (Including Poultry) and Animal Products) (including all its parts and subparts); Sub-chapter E (Viruses, Serums, Toxins, and Analogous Products; Organisms and Vectors) (including all its parts and subparts); Sub-chapter G (Livestock Improvement) (including all its parts and subparts). The Board has determined that incorporation of the full text in these rules would be cumbersome and inefficient given the length and nature of the rules. The incorporation by reference does not include any later amendments or editions of the incorporated matter beyond January 1, 2017. Copies of the Code of Federal Regulations are available to the public at the office of the Board, and online at www.ecfr.gov.

## Section 6. Section 7. General import requirements.

- (a) All Animals imported into Wyoming shall be accompanied by a <u>paper or digital Interstate</u> Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection, and an Import Permit or Shipping Number when required, issued in compliance with these Rules and all applicable state and federal Animal health regulations, except:
- (i) Animals consigned for Direct Movement from a Farm or Ranch of Origin within the United States to an Approved Livestock Market, or to a Recognized Slaughter Establishment for Immediate Slaughter.
- (ii) Animals imported directly to a Wyoming licensed veterinarian for treatment, diagnosis, or testing, and then returning directly to the farm or ranch of origin are not required to have an ICVI. Return to farm or ranch of origin requires a Wyoming brand inspection and compliance with the destination state's import requirements. Wyoming veterinarians receiving such animals shall notify the Board and/or maintain records of all such activities as required by the Wyoming State Veterinarian.
- (iii) Animals returning to Wyoming on a Commuter Permit or an Adjacent State Contiguous Property Movement Permit as detailed in Sections 21 and 22 of this rule.
- (iv) Horses moving on a valid Extended Equine Certificate of Veterinary Inspection in compliance with the requirements.

- (b) All commercial Animal carriers importing Animals are required to stop at the first Port of Entry encountered in Wyoming.
- (c) Any person importing, causing to be imported, or directing to be imported any Animal into Wyoming shall comply with these Rules and all applicable federal Animal health regulations.

## Section 7. Section 8. Interstate Certificates of Veterinary Health-Inspections (ICVI) & Permits.

- (a) Certificates of Veterinary Health Inspection ICVIs shall only be valid if properly issued by an Accredited Veterinarian or USDA/APHIS/VS veterinarian.
- (b) <u>Certificates of Veterinary Health InspectionICVIs</u> shall only be issued after a visual examination of all Animals intended for importation into Wyoming <u>has been completed</u> and all other requirements for identification, testing, treatment, vaccinations, and declarations are met.
- (c) Certificates of Veterinary Health Inspection ICVIs are valid for thirty (30) days following proper issuance examination of the Animal(s), unless otherwise specified by these Rules or at the discretion by order of the Wyoming State Veterinarian.
- (d) Certificates of Veterinary Health Inspection ICVIs shall be forwarded to the Board by the Animal health official of the state of origin or the issuing Accredited Veterinarian so as to be received within ten (10)- fourteen (14) days of issuance.
- (e) Each Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection ICVI shall contain the following information:
- (i) Import Permit number and/or Shipping Number when shall be recorded on the ICVI for those species for which it is required;
- (ii) Name, complete mailing, and physical address, phone number, and physical address of the consignor and the physical address of the origin of the Animal(s) if different from that of the consignor's;
- (iii) Name, complete mailing <u>address</u>, <u>phone number</u>, and physical address of the consignee, and the <u>physical address</u> of the <u>Animals' Wyoming destination if different from that of the consignee's</u>;
- (iv) <u>Printed Nname and signature, complete mailing address, phone number, and National Accreditation Number</u> of the issuing Accredited Veterinarian;

#### (v) Origin of the Animal(s);

(vi)(v) Number of Animals covered by the Certificate of Veterinary Health InspectionICVI and Permit;

	(vii)(vi)	_Species of Animal(s);	
	(viii)(vii)	_Age of Animal(s);	
	(ix)(viii)	Gender of Animal(s);	
	(x)(ix) Purpos	e for which the Animals are being moved;	
of disease, inc	(xi)(x) Verification that the Animal(s) being moved is/are in good health and free f disease, including any required statements;		
result, and the		Date of required testing, the specific test,—and the specific test ification number, if applicable;	
	(ix)(xii)	Date and name of each required vaccination, if applicable;	
	(xiv) Address at Physical Wyoming destination of the Animal(s);		
	, ,	<u>List of Official Individual Identification, breed association registry</u>	
tattoo, ownership brand, device or other approved individual identification of each Animal, when			
applicable as required; or the statement "All animals in this shipment are officially individually			
identified where individual ID is required"," when regulations allow.			

- (f) State of origin tags and country of origin tags (for foreign imports) must be in all animals required to be identified unless an exception is provided in these Rules, and these tags shall not be removed following importation. <u>Unless approved by the Wyoming State</u> Veterinarian, all Official Individual Identification numbers must be recorded on the ICVI.
  - (i) Brand certificate numbers, when applicable required; and
- (ii) United States Department of Agriculture license numbers for Animals used in circuses, carnivals and petting zoos.

## Section 8. Section 9 Duties of Animal owners, owner's agents, and commercial Animal carriers.

- (a) Any person, including but not limited to Animal owners, owner's agents, consignors, consignees, and transporters, shall:
- (i) Not import any Animal into Wyoming except in compliance with these Rules and all other applicable federal Animal health and transportation regulations;
- (ii) Not import any Animal into Wyoming unless each vehicle transporting Animals has immediate possession of all required documents related to the Animals being transported; and
- (iii) Not divert any Animal imported into Wyoming from the Wyoming destination stated on the Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection ICVI without the prior written permission of the Wyoming State Veterinarian.

- (iv) Not import any Animal into Wyoming unless all such conveyances used in the transportation of Animals are maintained in a clean and sanitary condition, including disinfection as may be required, and in compliance with state and federal Animal health and transportation regulations; and
- (b) In addition, the owners and operators of commercial Animal carriers importing Animals into Wyoming shall:
  - (i) Stop at the first Port of Entry encountered in Wyoming.

#### Section 9. Section 10. Interstate shipments with a VS-127 Form 1-27.

(a) Interstate Animal shipments, under specified restriction by the USDA/APHIS/VS may be transported into or through Wyoming if accompanied by a Form-VS—127 Form 1-27 with prior written approval from the Wyoming State Veterinarian.

#### Section 10. Interstate Livestock Health Movement Permits.

- (a) Interstate Livestock Health Movement Permits (Permits) may be issued for one (1) year upon making application to the Board and when approved by the Wyoming State Veterinarian.
- (b) The producer applying for a Permit shall own or control property in Wyoming and an adjacent state to Wyoming.
- (c) Any Animal moving on a Permit shall be branded or identified with Official Individual Identification.
- (d) Animals that move on a Permit shall originate from an established breeding herd and shall not have been assembled from three (3) or more herds within the past six (6) months.
- (e) All mature female Bison and/or Cattle moving under a Permit shall be Official Calfhood Vaccinates for Brucellosis or Official Adult Vaccinates for Brucellosis.
- (f) Animals from an adjoining state, moving under a Permit, shall enter Wyoming with a valid Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection and a copy of the Permit.
- (g) Wyoming origin Animals returning to Wyoming under a Permit may enter Wyoming without a Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection. The original Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection must accompany the return shipment.
- (h) Animals moving on a Permit shall meet the adjacent state's import and export requirements.
- (i) The Wyoming State Veterinarian may revoke a Permit at any time for disease concerns or non-compliance with the terms of the Permit.
  - (i) These Permits do not waive any brand inspection requirements.

#### Section 11. Interstate Equine Health Movement Permit

- (a) Interstate Equine Health Movement Permits (Permits) may be issued for one (1) year upon making application to the Board and when approved by the Wyoming State Veterinarian.
- (b) Within thirty (30) days prior to the application for a Permit, it is required that each Horse have a Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection and a negative test for Equine Infectious Anemia.
- (c) Wyoming origin Horses returning to Wyoming under a Permit may return to Wyoming with no additional requirements if no commingling with diseased Horses occurred out of state.
- (d) Horses moving on a Permit shall meet the adjacent state's import and export requirements.
- (e) The Wyoming State Veterinarian may revoke a Permit at any time if disease concerns arise or if owners do not comply with the terms of the Permit.
  - (f) These Permits do not waive any brand inspection requirements.

#### Section 12. Adjacent State Border Property Movement Permits.

(a) In areas where the state line divides a contiguous property, Animals may move into Wyoming without a Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection from the adjacent state provided that the owner has made application to the Board and has been issued an Adjacent State Border Property Movement Permit.

#### Section 13. Section 11. Animals that may not be imported into Wyoming.

- (a) No Animal may be imported into Wyoming that is affected with, or has recently been exposed to any infectious, contagious, or communicable disease or that originates from an area under Quarantine.
  - (b) No Feral Animal may be imported into Wyoming, except:
- (i) Feral Horses within the APHIS/BLM Wild Horse and Burro Partnership may be imported in compliance with these Rules and other requirements at the discretion of the Wyoming State Veterinarian.
- (c) Wildlife may only be imported into Wyoming with prior authorization from the Wyoming Game and Fish Commission.

## Section 14. Section 12. Quarantine, movement and release of imported Animals.

(a) Animals entering Wyoming in violation of these Rules shall be held in Quarantine at the owner's or owner's agent's liability and expense and shall be subject to all inspection, test,

treatment, and vaccination requirements at owners expense within ten (10) days of importation or at the Wyoming State Veterinarian's discretionas outlined in the quarantine release requirements.

- (b) Movement of Quarantined Animals shall only be allowed pursuant to a VS Form 1-27, approved by the Wyoming State Veterinarian prior to movement.
- (c) A release of Quarantined Animals is contingent upon satisfactory completion of all conditions set forth in the Quarantine and written approval of the Wyoming State Veterinarian.

### Section 15. Requirements for the importation of Aviary and Cage Birds.

(a) A Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection is required on all Aviary and Cage Birds entering Wyoming.

## Section 16. Section 13. Requirements for the importation and use of Biologic Agents.

- (a) Written approval from the Wyoming State Veterinarian shall be obtained prior to the importation of any virulent Biologic Agent.
- (b)(a) Only USDA/APHIS/VS licensed or approved veterinary Biologic Agents or products may be imported into Wyoming, except:
- (i) Biologic Agents not licensed or federally approved may be imported with prior written approval from the Wyoming State Veterinarian.
- (b) Written approval from the Wyoming State Veterinarian shall be obtained prior to importation of:
  - (i) Any virulent Biologic Agents;
  - (ii) Biologic Agents not licensed or federally approved.
- (c) The use and possession of any Biologic Agents for Brucellosis is limited to Accredited Veterinarians and those under their supervision.
- (d) The use and possession of any Biologic Agent for Pseudorabies is limited to Accredited Veterinarians and those under their supervision with prior written approval of the Wyoming State Veterinarian.
- (e) The use and possession of any Biologic Agent for Rabies is limited to licensed veterinarians and others with prior written approval from the Wyoming State Veterinarian.
- (f) (iii) NoAny Biologic Agent that originates from a Quarantine area or an area suspected of harboring disease—may be imported except with prior written approval from the Wyoming State Veterinarian.

## **Section 17. Section 14.** Requirements for the importation of Bison and Cattle.

(a) An ICVI-Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection and an Import Permit are required on all Bison and Cattle entering Wyoming, unless excepted in Section 67(a)(i), (ii) or (iii).

## (b) Identification requirements:

- (i) All sexually intact Bison and Cattle twelve (12) months of age and older shall each have Official Individual Identification.
- (ii) All sexually intact females, regardless of age, entering the Brucellosis Designated Surveillance Area are required to be identified with Official Individual Identification prior to arriving.
- (ii)(iii) Bison and Cattle imported from Canada for breeding, recreational, or grazing purposes shall have a "CAN" hot iron or freeze brand on the right hip be identified in accordance with USDA requirements.
- (iii)(iv) Bison and Cattle from Mexico shall have an "M" hot iron or freeze brand on the right hipbe identified in accordance with USDA requirements.
- (iv)(v) All Bison and Cattle originating from any foreign country whether imported directly or indirectly, shall be individually identified with a country of origin official tag which may not be removed during the life of the animal.
- (v)(vi) Any female Bison or Cattle spayed prior to entry shall be identified with a silver USDA tag or a spay tag recognized by the Animal health official in the state of origin.
- (vii) Cattle not already identified with state of origin official identification and imported to an approved tagging site, may be permitted under the condition that, immediately upon arrival at such approved tagging site, they shall be officially identified.

### (c) Brucellosis vaccination, test and identification requirements

- (i) All sexually intact female Bison and Cattle imported into the Brucellosis Designated Surveillance Area shall be Official-Calfhood Vaccinates or Official Adult Vaccinates prior to importation, except heifer calves,unless they are less than four (4) months of age and accompanying their mothers., may be imported. (Sexually intact females are required to be identified with Official Individual Identification prior to entering the Brucellosis Designated Surveillance Area, including heifer calves regardless of age.)
- (ii) Unvaccinated Bison and Cattle less than twelve (12) months of age imported for breeding purposes may be imported into Wyoming outside of the Brucellosis Designated Surveillance Area under Quarantine. They must become Official CalfhoodBrucellosis Vaccinates or be spayed prior to reaching thirteen (13) months 365 days of age.
- (iii) Unvaccinated <u>female</u> Bison and Cattle greater than twelve (12) months of age may be imported into Wyoming outside of the Designated Surveillance Area <u>to a Designated</u>

Feedlot as Restricted Livestock under the conditions of the feedlot agreement.under Quarantine to become Official Adult Vaccinates within thirty (30) days of importation. Importation is contingent upon the importer signing an adult vaccination agreement with the Wyoming State Veterinarian.

- (iv) If originating from a single source not assembled within the previous 90 days, unvaccinated female Bison and Cattle greater than twelve (12) months of age may be imported into Wyoming to a ranch or Premises under Quarantine to become Official Vaccinates within thirty (30) days of importation or after calving if they are pregnant at the time of importation. Issuance of an entry permit is contingent upon the importer signing an adult vaccination application with the Wyoming State Veterinarian.
- (iv) Unvaccinated Bison and Cattle may be imported under Direct Movement to an Approved Feedlot.
- (v) At the discretion of the Wyoming State Veterinarian, Bison or Cattle from any country, state, region, area, or zone which is not Brucellosis Free, or where current Brucellosis quarantines for livestock are in effect, or where there is an infected wildlife reservoir present, shall—test negative to a Brucellosis test within thirty (30) days prior to entry into Wyoming and may be held under Quarantine and subject to a Brucellosis retest forty-five (45) to one hundred twenty (120) days after the pre-entry test meet all pre- and post-entry test requirements, quarantines and restrictions required by the Wyoming State Veterinarian.
- (d) No Bison or Cattle that is known to be seropositve for Johnes Disease may be imported into Wyoming.
  - (e)(d) Trichomoniasis requirements for Cattle, excluding yaks:
- (i) Trichomoniasis Test Eligible Bulls being imported into Wyoming for breeding purposes shall testhave a negative either three (3) times by culture or two (2) times by PCR (*Polymerase Chain Reaction*) test, conducted at an American Association of Veterinary Laboratory Diagnosticians or International Organization for Standardization or equivalent accrediting organization-approved laboratory, within sixty (60) days prior to entry, by diagnostics performed at an approved state or federal veterinary laboratory with no female exposure 14 days prior to test and from the time of test until import.
- (ii) Female Cattle over twenty-four (24)twelve (12) months of age intended for breeding purposes shall not be imported from a herd under Quarantine for Trichomoniasis or known to be affected with Trichomoniasis.
- (iii) Trichomoniasis Test Eligible Bulls being returned to Wyoming from another state by a producer pursuant to an Interstate Livestock Health Movement Commuter Permit, or Adjacent State Border Contiguous Property Movement Permit, or from landproperty owned or controlled by the importer, in another state or Trichomoniasis Test Eligible Bulls returning from an artificial insemination collection facility where no female exposure has occurred do not need to be tested for Trichomoniasis provided the Cattle are returning to their Wyoming ranch of origin and the Cattle have not commingled with any other producer's Cattle. Bulls exposed to any female cattle other than those on the permit will require a negative test

#### prior to their next turn out with female cattle.

### (f)(e) Tuberculosis requirements:

- (i) The following shall have nNo Tuberculosis test-requirements is required, unless otherwise directed by the Wyoming State Veterinarian, for:
- (A) Bison and Cattle from any state or zone which is Accredited-free or Modified Accredited Advanced; or
- (B)(A)Bison and Cattle imported under Direct Movement to an Approved Feedlot Direct to Slaughter; or
  - (C)(B)Bison or Cattle from an Accredited-free herd.
- (ii) The following shall have <u>aone</u> negative Tuberculosis test performed within sixty (60) days prior to importation:
- (A) Bison and Cattle from any state or zone <u>within the United States</u> which is not Accredited-free or Modified Accredited Advanced; or
- (B) Bison and Cattle from any foreign nation recognized by USDA/APHIS/VS as Accredited free Modified Accredited Advanced; or
- (C) Sexually intact Dairy Cattle, except those less than two (2)six (6) months of age and over, which may be imported under Quarantine with Official Individual Identification to be tested upon reaching two (2) months of age.
- (iii) Bison or Cattle, including Rodeo Cattle, originating from a foreign nation or an area within a foreign nation that is not recognized by USDA/APHIS/VS as Accredited-free Modified accredited or Accreditation preparatory shall have a negative Tuberculosis test performed within sixty (60) days prior to importation and then may be imported under Quarantine and subjected to a second test performed sixty (60) to ninety (90) days after the preimport test history of two (2) negative Tuberculosis tests performed within the previous nine (9) months. The second of these tests must be within ninety (90) days prior to importation. The Wyoming State Veterinarian has the discretion to allow such cattle to be imported under Quarantine and subjected to the second test. A complete history of prior Tuberculosis testing, including the date, location, and testing veterinarian's name, must be provided on the ICVI. These Animals are required to have a country of origin official tag which must not be removed for the life of the Animal.
- (A) If a post United States entry the second negative test was performed elsewhere outside of Wyoming in an Accredited-free area or state in the United States, and the date, location, and testing veterinarian's name is provided on the Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection ICVI and with a copy of the Tuberculosis test chart is provided for review by the State Veterinarian, then no further testing may be required at the discretion of the Wyoming State Veterinarian. These Animals are required to have a country of origin official tag which must not be removed for the life of the Animal.

- (iv) All <u>U.S.-origin</u> Rodeo Cattle shall have a negative Tuberculosis test within twelve (12) months prior to importation, in addition to other applicable Tuberculosis testing requirements., except Rodeo Cattle less than two months of age with Official Individual Identification entering Wyoming for Recreational Purposes and then leaving Wyoming directly from the event may have testing requirements waived or modified with the prior written approval of the Wyoming State Veterinarian.
- (v) The importation of and test requirements for Bison or Cattle originating from any area with an existing or suspected wildlife reservoir of Tuberculosis or from any area with endemic infection in livestock, regardless of country, state, or zone classification, shall be at the discretion of the Wyoming State Veterinarian.

# Section 18. Section 15. Requirements for the importation of Camel Family Species.

- (a) A<u>n ICVI</u>—Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection is required on all Camel Family Species entering Wyoming.
  - (b) Identification requirements:
- (i) A state of origin tag, or a USDA brite tag, a micro-chip number approved by USDA APHIS and recorded on the ICVI is required on all imported Camel Family Species.
- (ii) Animals subject to Brucellosis or Tuberculosis testing shall have USDA Official Identification.
- (iii) Camel Family Species imported for Exhibition Purposes may enter with name and a clear description of the animal(s) imported as accepted identification.
  - (c) Tuberculosis requirements:
- (i) <u>Camel Family Species Animals of U.S. origin from an Accredited-free or Modified accredited advanced state are not required to be Tuberculosis tested.</u>
- (i)(ii) Camel Family Species Animals from any state or zone within the United States which is not Accredited-free or Modified accredited advanced shall have a negative Tuberculosis test conducted in the axillary region within sixty (60) days prior to importation.
- (ii)(iii) Camel Family <u>sSpecies Animals</u> originating from a foreign nation not recognized by USDA/APHIS/VS as accredited Tuberculosis free shall be tested negative for Tuberculosis in the axillary region within sixty (60) days prior to importation and shall be held under Quarantine pending the results of a post importation Tuberculosis test conducted in the axillary region sixty (60) to ninety (90) days following the negative pre importation Tuberculosis test.

#### (d) Brucellosis requirements:

(i) Negative Brucellosis test required within sixty (60) days prior to

importation from any state or area with less than Brucellosis Class Free status.

## Section 19. Requirements for the importation of Cats, Dogs, and Ferrets.

- (a) A Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection is required on all Cats, Dogs, and Ferrets entering Wyoming.
- (b) All Cats, Dogs, and Ferrets three (3) months of age and greater, shall be vaccinated prior to importation by a Licensed Veterinarian for Rabies and accompanied by a current Rabies vaccination certificate.

### **Section 16.** Requirements for Companion Animals

(a) All Companion Animals three (3) months of age and older shall be accompanied with an ICVI and a current rabies vaccination certificate issued by a licensed veterinarian.

## Section 20. Section 17. Requirements for the importation of Flightless Birds, including Ostriches and Emus.

- (a) A<u>n ICVI</u>-Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection is required on all flightless birds entering Wyoming.
- (b) Flightless birds being imported shall have a negative test result for the following diseases within thirty (30) days prior to entry unless they are from an NPIP clean flock for the respective disease(s):
  - (i) Avian Influenza:
  - (ii) Pullorum-Typhoid.

## Section 21. Section 18. Requirements for the importation of Horses.

- (a) An ICVI Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection is required on all Horses entering Wyoming, unless excepted in Section 67(a)(i), (ii), (iii) or (iiv).
- (b) A negative Equine Infectious Anemia test performed within twelve (12) months prior to importation is required, except for foals six (6) months of age and less, accompanying and not yet weaned from their birth mothers.
- (c) Horses moving pursuant to an Interstate Livestock Health Movement Commuter Permit or an Adjacent State Border Contiguous Property Movement Permit are not required to be tested for Equine Infectious Anemia.

#### Section 19. Requirements for the importation of Poultry and Hatching Eggs.

- (a) An ICVI or a National Poultry Improvement Plan Form VS 9-3 is required on all Poultry and Hatching Eggs entering Wyoming.
  - (b) Poultry imported for resale or commercial egg or meat production shall have a

negative test result for the following diseases within thirty (30) days prior to import unless from an NPIP clean flock for the respective disease(s):

- (i) Pullorum Typhoid;
- (ii) Avian Influenza;
- (iii) Mycoplasma gallisepticum;
- (iv) Mycoplasma synoviae; and
- (v) Salmonella enteritidis.
- (c) No poultry or Hatching Egg shall be imported into Wyoming that originates from a Quarantine area or control zone suspected of harboring poultry disease unless permitted by the Wyoming State Veterinarian under a "Secure Food Supply Plan."
- (d) A copy of the ICVI shall be attached to each container in which the poultry are being shipped. Each container of Poultry or Hatching Eggs imported into Wyoming shall be labeled with the following information:
  - (i) The name and address of the shipper;
  - (ii) The number of Poultry or Hatching Eggs in the container;
  - (iii) The breed of the Poultry or Hatching Eggs in the container;
  - (iv) The sex of the Poultry in the container;
  - (v) The age and hatch date of the Poultry in the container;
- (vi) The name of the hatchery or person producing the Poultry or Hatching Eggs in the container.

### Section 22. Section 20. Requirements for the importation of Sheep and Goats.

- (a) An ICVI Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection and an Import Permit are required on all Sheep and Goats entering Wyoming unless excepted in Section 67(a)(i), (ii) or (iii). The certificate shall include the statement, "All animals in this shipment are free from Foot Rot and Ring Worm (Club Lamb Fungus) and originate from a flock/herd that has not had Scrapie in the past five years."
- (b) All Sheep and Goats imported for breeding or exhibition regardless of age and all Sheep and Goats over eighteen (18) months of age shall be identified—with a visible official Scrapie identification device as per USDA APHIS Scrapie requirements.
  - (c) Brucella melitensis requirements:
    - (i) Sheep or Goats exposed to a known or suspected Brucella melitensis

positive Animal or Premise are prohibited from importation into Wyoming.

(ii) Sheep or Goats originating from a nation that is not free of *Brucella melitensis* shall be tested negative for *Brucella melitensis* within thirty (30) days prior to importation.

#### (d) Brucella ovis requirements for Sheep:

(i) Sexually intact male Sheep, six (6) months of age and older, shall test negative for *Brucella ovis* using the enzyme linked immunoassay or other test approved by the Wyoming State Veterinarian within thirty (30) days prior to importation, except those imported from a state certified *Brucella ovis* free Flock. The certified flock number must be recorded on the ICVI.

#### (e) Foot Rot requirements:

(i) All Sheep and Goats shall be examined and found free of Foot Rot. The Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection shall state: "Free of Foot Rot".

## (f)(e) Scrapie requirements:

- (i) Sexually intact Sheep or Goats exposed to any known or suspected Scrapie positive Animal or Premise are prohibited from importation into Wyoming, except:
- (A) Sheep and Goats enrolled in a Scrapie Post Exposure Management and Monitoring Plan approved by APHIS, the state veterinarian from the state of origin, and the Wyoming State Veterinarian, may be imported with the prior written approval of the Wyoming State Veterinarian.
- (ii) The Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection shall state: "No Scrapie in Flock in previous five (5) years".
- (iii)(ii) All sexually intact Black-faced Sheep <u>as defined in this rule</u> imported for reproductive purposes shall be tested <u>"RR" or "QR"</u> by an approved genetic susceptibility test for Scrapie prior to importation, except:
- (A) Sheep originating from an Export Certified Flock as defined in the Scrapie Free Flock UM&R may have this testing requirement waived or modified with the prior written approval of the Wyoming State Veterinarian;
- (B) Sheep fourteen (14) months of age or older, susceptible to Scrapie on the genetics test (QQ) may be imported, if they are found negative to a Scrapie Live Animal Test prior to importation;
- (C) Sheep less than fourteen (14) months of age, susceptible to Scrapie on the genetics test (QQ) may be imported under Quarantine to be tested with a Scrapie Live Animal Test immediately upon reaching fourteen (14) months of age.

#### (g)(f) Show Lamb Fungus requirements for Sheep:

(i) All Sheep imported as show market Sheep (club lambs) shall be examined prior to importation and found free of Show Lamb Fungus. —The Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection accompanying the shipment of Sheep shall state: "No Show Lamb Fungus".

### Section 23. Section 21. Requirements for the importation of Swine.

- (a) A<u>n ICVI</u>—Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection and an Import Permit are required on all Swine entering Wyoming, unless excepted in Section <u>67(a)(i), (ii)</u> or (iii).
- (b) All Swine shall have <u>an Official Individual Identification tag numberwhich may</u> include eartags, breed association sanctioned ear notches or tattoos listed on the ICVI.
- (i) Exhibition swine less than four (4) months of age may be imported to be identified on arrival with a Wyoming State Fair tag. The statement, "Exhibition Swine to be identified on arrival," shall be written on the ICVI. Tag numbers must be written on the ICVI by the receiver and a copy sent to the Board within seven (7) days of the tags being applied.
- (ii) Commercial Swine may be imported to integrated commercial premises with USDA approved group identification.
- (c) No Swine shall be imported which has been fed human garbage unless processed or treated pursuant to W.S. 11-27-106.
  - (d) Brucellosis test requirements:
- (i) Swine from a validated Brucellosis free herd may be imported with no Brucellosis test requirement regardless of requirements below.
- (i) Swine from a validated Brucellosis free state or area may be imported without a Brucellosis test.
- (ii) Swine from a validated Brucellosis free state or area that are not Commercial Swine shall test negative for Brucellosis within thirty (30) days prior to importation.
- (ii)(iii) Swine from a state or area with lower status than validated Brucellosis free shall test negative for Brucellosis within thirty (30) days prior to importation and then may be placed under Quarantine and subjected to a second test performed sixty (60) to ninety (90) days after the pre-import test., except:
- (A) Swine from a validated Brucellosis free herd may be imported with no Brucellosis test requirement.
  - (e) Psueudorabies requirements:
- (i) No Pseudorabies vaccinated Swine, or Swine from a Pseudorabies vaccinated herd, shall be imported into Wyoming without prior written approval of the Wyoming

#### State Veterinarian.

- (ii) The following have no Pseudorabies test requirement:
  - (A) Swine from a Pseudorabies stage V state or area; and
- (B)(A) Swine from a qualified Pseudorabies negative herd in a Pseudorabies stage III, IV, or V state or area.
- (iii) Swine from a Pseudorabies Stage IV <u>or V</u> state or area <u>that are not Commercial Swine</u> shall have a negative Pseudorabies test within thirty (30) days prior to importation.
- (iv) Swine from a state or area with less than a Pseudorabies Stage IV status shall test negative for Pseudorabies within thirty (30) days prior to importation and then may be imported under Quarantine and subjected to a second test performed thirty (30) to sixty (60) days post importation.

## Section 24. Requirements for the importation of Poultry and Hatching Eggs.

- (a) A Certificate of Veterinary Health Inspection or a National Poultry Improvement Plan Form VS 9-3 is required on all Poultry and Hatching Eggs entering Wyoming.
- (b) Poultry imported for resale or commercial egg or meat production shall have a negative test result for the following diseases within thirty (30) days prior to import:
  - (i) Pullorum Typhoid;
  - (ii) Mycoplasma gallisepticum;
  - (iii) Mycoplasma synoviae; and
  - (iv) Salmonella enteritidis.
- (c) Poultry that are five (5) months of age and younger may be imported without testing if they originate from Flocks officially classified as negative for the above listed diseases.
- (d) No Poultry or Hatching Egg shall be imported into Wyoming that is affected with or that has recently been exposed to any infectious, contagious, or communicable disease or that originates from a Quarantine area or area suspected of harboring disease.
- (e) Each container of Poultry or Hatching Eggs imported into Wyoming shall be labeled with the following information:
  - (i) The name and address of the shipper;
  - (ii) The number of Poultry or Hatching Eggs in the container;
  - (iii) The breed of the Poultry or Hatching Eggs in the container;

- (iv) The sex of the Poultry in the container;
- (v) The age and hatch date of the Poultry in the container;
- (vi) The name of the hatchery or person producing the Poultry or Hatching Eggs in the container.

#### **Section 22.** Commuter Permits

- (a) Commuter Permits may be issued for one (1) year upon making application to the Board and when approved by the Wyoming State Veterinarian and the state veterinarian of the origin state.
- (b) The producer applying for a Commuter Permit shall own or control property in Wyoming and a state adjacent to Wyoming.
- (c) Any Cattle moving on a Commuter Permit shall be branded and identified with Official Individual Identification.
- (d) Animals that move on a Commuter Permit shall originate from an established breeding herd and shall not have been assembled from three (3) or more herds within the past six (6) months.
- (e) All mature female Bison and/or Cattle moving under a Commuter Permit shall be Official Brucellosis Vaccinates.
- (f) Animals from an adjoining state moving under a Commuter Permit shall enter Wyoming with an ICVI and a copy of the Commuter Permit.
- (g) Wyoming origin Animals returning to Wyoming under a Commuter Permit may enter without an ICVI provided the original ICVI for movement to the adjacent state and a copy of the Commuter Permit accompany the return shipment.
- (h) Animals moving from Wyoming on a Commuter Permit shall meet the adjacent state's import and export requirements.
- (i) The Wyoming State Veterinarian may revoke a Commuter Permit at any time for disease control or non-compliance with the terms of the Permit.
  - (j) Commuter Permits do not waive any brand inspection requirements.

## Section 23. Adjacent State Contiguous Property Movement Permits

(a) In areas where the state line divides a contiguous property, Animals may move into Wyoming from an adjacent state without an ICVI provided the owner has made application

to the Board and has been issued an Adjacent State Contiguous Property Movement Permit and the state veterinarian in the adjacent state has also signed the permit.